



# New Hampshire Liberty Alliance

# Gold Standard

HB 402 NAY/ITL  
HB 311 NAY/ITL  
HB 387 NAY/ITL  
HB 323 NAY/ITL  
HB 134 NAY/OTP  
HB 219 YEA/OTP

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February 13, 2013 • No. 2

## HB 402, relative to complaint investigation procedures of the guardian ad litem board.

Committee recommendation: Children & Family Law, 15-1 ITL

This bill, which would allow citizens to have voice against a government agent, is **pro-liberty**:

- The people ought to always have the power to register and have heard a complaint against an agent of the government, especially one whose work can so significantly affect their lives.

**HB  
402  
NAY  
on  
ITL**

## HB 311, establishing a statutory expectation of privacy in personal materials.

Committee recommendation: Judiciary, 15-4 ITL

This bill, which would establish a legally-recognized expectation of privacy, is **pro-liberty**:

- This bill establishes an expectation of privacy in certain "personal materials" such as fingerprints, saliva, hair, and household papers, unless a search warrant is supported by probable cause.
- Breaches of this privacy right are punishable as a class B misdemeanor, or as a class B felony for subsequent violations.

**HB  
311  
NAY  
on  
ITL**

## HB 387, relative to immunity of guardians ad litem.

Committee recommendation: Judiciary, 15-2 ITL

This bill, which would protect guardians ad litem, is **pro-liberty**:

- It protect guardians ad litem by providing judicial immunity.
- It provides a measure of accountability by removing their judicial immunity in the event of grossly negligent, malicious, or corrupt acts.

**HB  
387  
NAY  
on  
ITL**

## HB 323-FN, establishing the Franklin Partin right-to-work act.

Committee recommendation: Labor, Industrial, & Rehabilitative Services, 13-5 ITL

This bill, which would exempt employees that opt not to join a union from agency fees, is **pro-liberty**:

- To force someone that chooses not to associate with a union to pay dues to that union anyway is an act of coercion.
- Employment should be solely based upon the mutual benefit between employee and business.
- The NHLA **opposes** the criminal penalties and notice posting requirements contained in this bill.

**HB  
323  
NAY  
on  
ITL**

## HB 134, relative to contingency funds in towns.

Committee recommendation: Municipal & County Government, 11-4 OTP

This bill, which would allow towns to create contingency funds for unanticipated expenditures, is **anti-liberty**:

- This bill would allow town departments to more easily go over budget, knowing that this additional town “slush fund” would cover for their irresponsibility.
- Currently, if a town truly needs additional monies to cover an emergency situation, they can petition the Superior Court to hold a special town meeting, allowing the town’s legislative body—the people—to approve or disapprove of such expenditures. If this bill were to pass, however, it would remove the people from this equation and place the selectmen in that role.

**HB  
134  
NAY  
on  
OTP**

## HB 219, limiting the authority of delegates to Article V convention.

Committee recommendation: State–Federal Relations & Veterans Affairs, *without recommendation*

This bill, which would limit the authority of delegates to a constitutional convention, is **pro-liberty**:

- This bill enables the people to hold accountable a delegate to a constitutional convention called pursuant to Article V of the Constitution for the United States of America, should that delegate violate their oath of office and consider or support amendments outside of the people’s stated intent.

**HB  
219  
YEA  
on  
OTP**

## Petitioner Representative Mark Warden on behalf of Ian Freeman, Jason Talley, Kate Ager, and Adam Mueller of Keene.

Committee recommendation: *n/a*

This petition, which would seek redress by passage of a House resolution asking that certain orders of county officials, relative to access to the Superior Court, be rescinded, introduction of legislation allowing the public to record actions within courtrooms, and introduction of legislation prohibiting a judge from establishing rules of decorum in his or her courtroom, is **pro-liberty**:

- The New Hampshire Constitution states that citizens may seek redress of their grievances from the General Court.
- Freedom of the press and of speech are guaranteed by both the New Hampshire and U.S. constitutions. If the petitioners’ rights were denied by a subdivision of the state, it is the General Court’s duty to consider the grievance.
- Transparency in all areas of government are a hallmark of New Hampshire public policy and must be protected.

**YEA  
on  
OTP**